

(2a) We have that

$$\begin{aligned} \text{explosion} &= \left\{ \omega \in \Omega : \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} S_n(\omega) < \infty \right\} \\ &= \left\{ \omega \in \Omega : \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} S_n(\omega) < \infty \right\} \end{aligned}$$

for all $N=1, 2, \dots$. Hence

$$\text{explosion} \in \bigcap_{N=1}^{\infty} \mathcal{B}(S_N, S_{N+1}, \dots)$$

By Kolmogorov's "Zero-One law" we derive

$$\mathbb{P}(\text{explosion}) \in \{0, 1\}$$

(2b) Using Demo 2/ Problem 2b for $\lambda_n = \lambda > 0$

we have

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} S_n < \infty \text{ a.s.} \Leftrightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\lambda} < \infty$$

But $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\lambda} = \infty$ so that, by (2a),

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} S_n = \infty \text{ a.s. or}$$

$$\mathbb{P}(\text{explosion}) = 0.$$