Vector Analysis

Spring 2014

Ex Tempore 6

Wed 26.3.

1. S is a surface on the xy-plane, bounded by the straight lines

$$x-2y=0$$
, $x-2y=-4$, $x+y=4$, $x+y=1$.

Make a change of variables so that the integration area becomes a rectangle. Determine the Jacobi determinant.

- 2. Evaluate $\iint_{S} dS$ 9x, where S is the surface of the problem 1.
- 3. Calculate $\iint_S dS \ x^2 yz$, where S is the part of the surface z = 1 + 2x + 3y, that is above the (x,y)-plane rectangle $[0,3] \times [0,2]$.

