## Vector Analysis

Spring 2014

Ex Tempore 6
Wed 26.3.

1. $S$ is a surface on the $x y$-plane, bounded by the straight lines

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x-2 y=0, \quad x-2 y=-4 \\
& x+y=4, \quad x+y=1
\end{aligned}
$$

Make a change of variables so that the integration area becomes a rectangle. Determine the Jacobi determinant.
2. Evaluate $\iint_{S} d S 9 x$, where $S$ is the surface of the problem 1.
3. Calculate $\iint_{S} d S x^{2} y z$, where $S$ is the part of the surface $z=1+2 x+3 y$, that is above the $(x, y)$-plane rectangle $[0,3] \times[0,2]$.


